

HINTS & SOLUTION TO WORKBOOK-2

Ionic Equilibrium

Daily Tutorial Sheet - 12	Level-3
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141.(B) $\text{pH(I)} = \text{pK}_a + \log \frac{4 \times 0.1}{4 \times 1} = \text{pK}_a - 1$

$$\text{pH(II)} = \text{pK}_a + \log \frac{40 \times 0.1}{4 \times 1} = \text{pK}_a$$

$$\text{pH(III)} = \text{pK}_a + \log \frac{4 \times 0.1}{40 \times 1} = \text{pK}_a - 2$$

$$\text{pH(IV)} = \text{pK}_a + \log \frac{10 \times 0.1}{0.1 \times 1} = \text{pK}_a + 1$$

142.(B) $\text{HA(aq)} + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{A}^-(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) : K_C = 10^9$

$$\text{A}^-(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\ell) \rightleftharpoons \text{HA(aq)} + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq}) : K_h = 10^{-9}$$

$$\therefore [\text{OH}^-] = \sqrt{K_{h \cdot c}} = 10^{-5} \Rightarrow \text{pH} = 9$$

143.(A) $t=t_{\text{eq}}$

$\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq})$	$\rightleftharpoons$	$\text{H}^+(\text{aq})$	$+$	$\text{HCO}_3^-(\text{aq})$
$0.034 - x$		$x + y$		$x - y$
≈ 0.034		$\approx x$		$\approx x$

$\text{HCO}_3^-(\text{aq})$	$\rightleftharpoons$	$\text{H}^+(\text{aq})$	$+$	$\text{CO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$
$x - y$		$x + y$		y
$\approx x$		$\approx x$		

144.(A) $[\text{NH}_2^-] = [\text{NH}_2^+] = \sqrt{10^{-30}} = 10^{-15}$

$$\therefore 6.02 \times 10^{23} \times 10^{-15} \text{ } \bar{\text{N}}\text{H}_2 \text{ ions per litre}$$

$$\text{or } 6.02 \times 10^{23} \times 10^{-15} \times 10^{-6} \text{ } \bar{\text{N}}\text{H}_2 \text{ ions per mm}^3$$

$$\Rightarrow 602 \text{ } \bar{\text{N}}\text{H}_2 \text{ ions}$$

145.(A) $\text{HCOOH} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{HCOO}^- ; K_{a1}$

0.1	-	-
$0.1(1 - \alpha_1)$	$0.1\alpha_1$	$0.1\alpha_1$

$\text{HOCN} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{OCN}^- ; K_{a2}$

0.1	-	-
$0.1(1 - \alpha_2)$	$0.1\alpha_2$	$0.1\alpha_2$

$$\text{Final } [\text{H}^+] = 0.1(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)$$

Both HCOOH & HOCN are weak acid, due to common ion effect we can assume

$$\alpha_1 \ll 1; \alpha_2 \ll 1$$

$$(1 - \alpha_1) \approx 1 \quad (1 - \alpha_2) \approx 1$$

$$K_{a_1} = 1.8 \times 10^{-4} = 0.1(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)\alpha_1$$

$$K_{a_2} = 3.1 \times 10^{-4} = 0.1(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)\alpha_2$$

$$\therefore K_{a_1} + K_{a_2} = 4.9 \times 10^{-4} = 0.1(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) = \sqrt{49 \times 10^{-4}} = 0.07$$

$$[H^+] = 0.07 \times 0.1 = 7 \times 10^{-3} \approx 10^{-2} M$$

146.(AC) $K_a = K_{a_1} \times K_{a_2} \times K_{a_3}$, $K_{a_1} > K_{a_2} > K_{a_3}$